



April 9, 2012 is hed 1933. PETROLEUM DISTRIBUTOR

1A. 1225 W Ridge Pike

Conshohocken, PA 19428

- 1B. Lubricants and heating oil. Never produced only distributed.
- 2. No products produced, all products purchased and distributed.
- 3. All raw materials attributed to lubricants and heating oil.
- 4. No waste or by products generated.
- 5A. See attached.
- 5B. See attached.
- 5C. No waste or by products were created.
- 6. Refer to MSDS sheets.
- 7. We have no contracts in existence for Metro Container Corporation.
- 8. I did not work for Jay Gress, Inc. during 1980-1988 and I have no knowledge of what procedures were used during 1980-1988.
- 9. Please refer to lubricants MSDS sheet. Drums should have been empty.
- 10. Lubricants but drums were empty.
- 11. Robert C. Walker

President

Jay Gress, Inc.

1225 W. Ridge Pike

Conshohocken, PA 19428

610-277-1000



- 12A. Company policy is seven years from date of occurrence.
- 12B. Documents are shredded.
- 12C. 1995
- 12D. An invoice from Metro Container Corp.
- 12E. Jay Gress II
- 13. No information.



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION III

1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103-2029

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Jay Gress Incorporated Robert C. Walker, President PO Box 628 Norristown, PA 19404-0628 MAR 9 2012

Re: Required Submission of Information

Metro Container Site, Trainer, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Walker:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") is seeking information concerning a release, or threat of release, of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants at the Metro Container Corporation Site located in Trainer, Pennsylvania (hereinafter, "the Site").

The Site includes property located at or near 2nd and Price Streets in Trainer, Pennsylvania which was used by the Metro Container Corporation and others for drum recycling and reclamation activities through approximately 1990 ("Metro Property") as well as other locations where wastes associated with operations at the Metro Property have come to be located. In the 1980s EPA conducted an investigation at the Metro Property and oversaw performance of a response action which included the removal and off-Site disposal of thousands of drums from the Metro Property. Analyses of samples taken at and near the Metro Property in 2005, 2007, and 2010 reveal the presence of volatile organic compounds ("VOCs"), polychlorinated biphenyl's ("PCBs"), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons ("PAHs"), and metals in soils and groundwater.

Based on records available from the operation of the Metro Property, EPA believes that you sent drums to the Site for reconditioning. The purpose of this letter is to obtain certain information from Jay Gress Incorporated (hereinafter "you") in connection with the Site. The specific information required is attached to this letter as Enclosure E.

Pursuant to the authority of Section 104(e) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S.C. § 9604(e), EPA has the authority to require you to furnish all information and documents in your possession, custody or control, or in the possession, custody or control of any of your employees or agents, which concern, refer, or relate to hazardous substances as defined by Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(33), which were transported to, stored, treated, or disposed of at the above referenced Site and which concern your ability to pay EPA's costs in cleaning up the Site.

Section 104 of CERCLA authorizes EPA to pursue penalties for failure to comply with that section or for failure to respond adequately to required submissions of information. In addition, providing false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or representations may subject you to criminal penalties under 18 U.S.C. § 1001. The information you provide may be used by EPA in administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings.

You must respond in writing to this required submission of information within **forty-five** (45) calendar days of your receipt of this letter. The response must be signed by an appropriately authorized corporate official. If, for any reason, you do not provide all information responsive to this letter, then in your answer to EPA you must: (1) describe specifically what was not provided, and (2) provide to EPA an appropriate reason why the information was not provided.

All documents and information should be sent to:

Kenneth I. Rose, III, Financial Analyst (3HS62) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

This required submission of information is not subject to the approval requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, 44 U.S.C. Section 3501, et seq.

If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact Kenneth I. Rose III at 215-814-3147, or have your attorney contact Senior Assistant Regional Counsel Andrew Goldman at (215) 814-2487.

Sincerely,

Joanne Marinelli, Chief

Cost Recovery Branch

Hazardous Site Cleanup Division

Enclosures: A. Business Confidentiality Claims/Disclosure of Your Response to EPA Contractors and Grantees

- B. List of Contractors that May Review Your Response
- C. Definitions
- D. Instructions
- E. Information Requested

cc: Andrew Goldman (3RC41)
Kenneth I. Rose, III (3HS62)
PADEP

Heating oil

February 2, 2012

Enclosed are Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) for products purchased by your company. The information contained on the MSDS is designed to meet requirements under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (See Section 14 of MSDS).

Sunoco, Inc. is able to provide electronic copies of our MSDSs to your company. If you would prefer to receive future copies of MSDSs electronically, please provide your email address or fax number in the space provided below.

If you are not directly responsible for the distribution of MSDSs or the information on them, please forward them to the appropriate person. If your company is a distributor of this product, please forward this MSDS to your customer(s). If you wish to change your company's contact information, please provide the updated information below.

	Change	of Addı	ess Inform	ation			
Email Address:			,				
Fax Number:				•			-
Telephone Number:		·	 ;				4
Contact Name and Titl	e:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• •	
Company Name:					- :		
Street Address 1:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-
Street Address 2:							• •
City, State, Zip, and Co	ountry:						
							- .
Please	e return this	form to	the addres	s liste	d below:		
	·		<u> </u>			; ; -	
•	Sunoc	o, Inc.	•				

Sunoco, Inc.
Product Safety Resource Center
Post Office Box 426
Marcus Hook, PA 19061
Fax: (866)-914-8171

Phone: (888)-567-3066

E-Mail: sunocomsds@sunocoinc.com

MSDS Coordinator JAY GRESS, INC. R00358573400 JAY GRESS, INC. R00358573400 P.O. BOX 628 NORRISTOWN, Pennsylvania 19404 USA



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name:

HEATING OIL HS

Manufacturer Information:

Sunoco, Inc. (R&M) 1735 Market Street LL

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 19103-7583

Product Use:

Fuel oil

Emergency Phone Numbers:

Chemtrec Sunoco Inc.

(800) 424-9300

(800) 964-8861

Information:

Product Safety Information

(888) 567-3066

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component		CAS No.	Amount (Vol%)
NO. 2 FUEL OIL		68476-30-2	100 - 100
NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3	0-2
M-XYLENE		108-38-3	0.2 - 0.2
O-XYLENE		95-47-6	0.12 - 0.12
TOLUENE		108-88-3	0.098 - 0.098
P-XYLENE		106-42-3	0.064 - 0.064
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	0.063 - 0.063
CUMENE		98-82-8	0.015 - 0.015
HEXANE		110-54-3	0.014 - 0.014
BENZENE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	71-43-2	0 - 0.009

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES (SEE SECTION 15 FOR ADDITIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS)

	CAS No.	Governing Body	Exposure Limits		
Limit for the product	68476-30-2	ACGIH	TWA	100	mg/m3
BENZENE	71-43-2	ACGIH	STEL	2.5	ppm
BENZENE	71-43-2	OSHA	STEL	5	ppm
BENZENE	71-43-2	ACGIH	TWA	0.5	ppm
BENZENE	71-43-2	OSHA	TWA	1	ppm
CUMENE	98-82-8	ACGIH	TWA	50	ppm
CUMENE	98-82-8	OSHA	TWA	50	ppm
HEXANE	110-54-3	ACGIH	TWA	50	ppm
HEXANE	110-54-3	OSHA	TWA	500	ppm
M-XYLENE	108-38-3	ACGIH	STEL	150	ppm

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and continue to monitor. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN

Wash with soap and water for 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes and other leather products. Injection injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours, without proper treatment, the area will become swollen, discolored and extremely painful. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Following injection, prompt debridement of the wound is necessary to minimize necrosis and tissue loss.

EYES

Flush eye with water for 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

INGESTION

Do not induce vomiting! Do not give liquids! Get medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

The following media may be used to extinguish a fire involving this material: Regular foam; Dry chemical; Carbon dioxide; Water may be ineffective.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

Use water spray. Use water spray to cool fire exposed tanks and containers. Wear structural fire fighting gear. The use of fresh air equipment such as Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or Supplied Air Respirators should be worn for fire fighting if exposure or potential exposure to products of combustion is expected.

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Combustible liquid and vapor. STATIC ACCUMULATOR. This liquid may form an ignitable vapor-air mixture in closed tanks or containers.

	Typical	Minimum	Maximum	Text Result	Units	Method
Flash Point				125 Min PMCC	F	N/A
Autoignition Temperature	494				F	N/A
Lower Explosion Limit	0.3		L.		%	N/A
Upper Explosion Limit	10				%	N/A

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Prevent ignition, stop leak and ventilate the area. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Use appropriate personal protective equipment as stated in Section 8 of this MSDS. Advise the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and appropriate state agencies, if required. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a disposal container.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Use only in a well-ventilated area. STATIC ACCUMULATOR. This liquid may form an ignitable vapor-air mixture in closed tanks or containers. This liquid may accumulate static electricity even when transferred into properly grounded containers. Bonding and grounding may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water. Always bond receiving container to the fill pipe before and during loading, following NFPA-77 and/or API RP 2003 requirements. Automatic gauging devices and other floats in vessels or tanks which contain static accumulating liquids should be electrically bonded to the shell. Bonding and grounding alone may be inadequate to eliminate fire and explosion hazards associated with electrostatic charges. In addition to bonding and grounding, efforts to mitigate the hazards of an electrostatic discharge may include, but are not limited to, ventilation, inerting and/or reduction of transfer velocities. Always keep the nozzle in

	lb/gal	l no data	1
	F		
	g/mole		<u> </u>
	N/A	no data	
	N/A	no data	1
0.87	N/A		
	wt %	NIL	
/	N/A	_;	
	mqq		
0.5		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	@ 20 C
	SUS	no data	6 20 0
1.9	CsT		@ 40 C
100	wt %		1 9 70 0
	0.5	g/mole N/A N/A N/A wt % N/A ppm 0.5 mmHg SUS 1.9 CsT	pS/m 0.1 est F no data g/mole no data N/A no data N/A no data N/A no data N/A NIL N/A Kerosene like ppm no data 0.5 mmHg SUS no data 1.9 CsT CsT No data No data

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid heat, sparks and open flame.

• INCOMPATIBILITY

Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other asphyxiants.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not polymerize.

11. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

12. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Follow federal, state and local regulations. This material is a RCRA hazardous waste. Do not flush material to drain or storm sewer. Contract to authorized disposal service.

13. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Governing Body DOT IATA	<u>Mode</u> Ground Air	Proper Shippii Fuel Oil Gas Oil	ng Name	
Governing Body DOT IATA	Mode Ground Air	Hazard Class Combustible Liquid Flammable Liquid	<u>UN/NA No.</u> <u>Label</u> NA1993 1202	

14. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product contains the following EPCRA section 313 chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372): Maximum Wt% Naphthalene- CAS R00000001800, HEATING OIL HS

_		•		•			
C	AA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCMI		•	BENZENE	: ,		71-43-2
C.	AA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCMI		•	CUMENE	•	* .	98-82-8
C.	AA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCMI	•		ETHYLBENZENE			100-41-4
C.	AA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCMI			O-XYLENE			
C	AA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCMI			P-XYLENE			95-47-6
C,	AA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCMI						106-42-3
C	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants			TOLUENE			108-88-3
Č.	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants		٠.٠.	BENZENE			71-43-2
C.	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants			CUMENE			98-82-8
C,	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants			ETHYLBENZENE		•	100-41-4
) (AA 1990 Hazardous Air Poliutants	1		HEXANE			110-54-3
C	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants		1.	M-XYLENE			108-38-3
0/	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants			NAPHTHALENE		,	91-20-3
. 0/	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants			O-XYLENE	•		95-47-6
C	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants			P-XYLENE		* %	106-42-3
C/	AA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants		7	TOLUENE	,		108-88-3
, Ca	alifornia - Prop. 65 - Developmental Toxicity		:	BENZENE	**		71-43-2
Ca	alifornia - Prop. 65 - Developmental Toxicity	*.		TOLUENE			108-88-3
Ca	alifornia - Prop. 65 - Reproductive - Female			TOLUENE			108-88-3
Ca	ilifornia - Prop. 65 - Reproductive - Male			BENZENE			
Ca	difornia - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List			BENZENE			71-43-2
Ca	difornia - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	•	÷	ETHYLBENZENE			71-43-2
Ca	difornia - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List		J.				100-41-4
Ca	ınada - CEPA - Sch. I - List of Toxic Substances			NAPHTHALENE			91-20-3
Ca	inada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure			BENZENE			71-43-2
Ca	nada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure		٠.,	ETHYLBENZENE			100-41-4
Ca	nada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure			HEXANE			110-54-3
Ca	nada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure			M-XYLENE			108-38-3
Ca	nada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure			O-XYLENE			95-47-6
Ca	nada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure			P-XYLENE			106-42-3
	IPCLA/CADA Liga Cubatan Sanadati DO			TOLUENE		. •	108-88-3
	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs		•	BENZENE			71-43-2
	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs		,	CUMENE		. *	98-82-8
	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs		· .	ETHYLBENZENE	1	•	100-41-4
	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs		. "	HEXANE			110-54-3
	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs			M-XYLENE	-		108-38-3
	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs			NAPHTHALENE			91-20-3
CE	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs			O-XYLENE			95-47-6
CE	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs		50	P-XYLENE			106-42-3
CE	RCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs			TOLUENE	*		108-88-3
CE	RCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting		.t	BENZENE		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	71-43-2
CE	RCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting			CUMENE			98-82-8
CE	HCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting			ETHYLBENZENE	•	4.77	100-41-4
CE	RCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting		:	HEXANE			
CE	RCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting		•	M-XYLENE			110-54-3
CE	RCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting	•	. ,	NAPHTHALENE		•	108-38-3
CE	RCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting		•	O-XYLENE			91-20-3
CE	RCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting						95-47-6
CE	RCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting			P-XYLENE			106-42-3
CN	/A (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances			TOLUENE			108-88-3
CW	/A (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances		42.7	BENZENE		. •	71-43-2
CW	/A (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances			ETHYLBENZENE	. *		100-41-4
C_{N}	/A (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances			M-XYLENE			108-38-3
CV	/A (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances		٠.	NAPHTHALENE			91-20-3
CIA	/A (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances	•	•	O-XYLENE			95-47-6
CV	A (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances			P-XYLENE		v	106-42-3
CW	A (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances			TOLUENE			108-88-3
CW	A (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants			BENZENE			71-43-2
CM	'A (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants			ETHYLBENZENE		•	100-41-4
CW	'A (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants			NAPHTHALENE			
CW	'A (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants	•		TOLUENE			91-20-3
CW	'A (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants			BENZENE	:		108-88-3
CW	'A (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants		•				71-43-2
CW	A (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants			ETHYLBENZENE			100-41-4
CW	A (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants			NAPHTHALENE	,		91-20-3
 	1800, HEATING OIL HS			TOLUENE			108-88-3
	.000, ALEMANO OIL 113					•	7

				<u> </u>	
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated			NO. 2 FUEL OIL		68476-30-2
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated			O-XYLENE		95-47-6
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated			P-XYLENE		106-42-3
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated			TOLUENE		
Inventory - New Zealand			BENZENE		108-88-3
Inventory - New Zealand					71-43-2
Inventory - New Zealand			CUMENE		98-82-8
Inventory - New Zealand			ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4
			HEXANE		110-54-3
Inventory - New Zealand			M-XYLENE		108-38-3
Inventory - New Zealand			NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3
Inventory - New Zealand			NO. 2 FUEL OIL		68476-30-2
Inventory - New Zealand			O-XYLENE		95-47-6
Inventory - New Zealand			P-XYLENE		106-42-3
Inventory - New Zealand			TOLUENE		108-88-3
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)		* *	BENZENE		71-43-2
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)			CUMENE		98-82-8
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	• •		ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)			HEXANE		110-54-3
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)			M-XYLENE		108-38-3
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)			NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	•		NO. 2 FUEL OIL		68476-30-2
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)			O-XYLENE		95-47-6
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	•		P-XYLENE		106-42-3
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)			TOLUENE		
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory		•	BENZENE		108-88-3
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory			CUMENE		71-43-2
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory			ETHYLBENZENE		98-82-8
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory				•	100-41-4
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory		•	HEXANE		110-54-3
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory			M-XYLENE		108-38-3
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory	•		NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory		1 *	NO. 2 FUEL OIL		68476-30-2
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory		٠	O-XYLENE		95-47-6
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory			P-XYLENE		106-42-3
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory		÷	TOLUENE		108-88-3
Massachusetts - Right To Know List			BENZENE	•	71-43-2
Massachusetts - Right To Know List			CUMENE		98-82-8
Massachusetts - Right To Know List			ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4
Massachusetts - Right To Know List			HEXANE		110-54-3
Massachusetts - Right To Know List			M-XYLENE		108-38-3
Massachusetts - Right To Know List			NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3
Massachusetts - Right To Know List			O-XYLENE		95-47-6
Massachusetts - Right To Know List			P-XYLENE		106-42-3
Massachusetts - Right To Know List		•	TOLUENE		108-88-3
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List			BENZENE		71-43-2
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List			CUMENE	1	98-82-8
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List			ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List			HEXANE		110-54-3
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List			M-XYLENE		108-38-3
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List			NAPHTHALENE		
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List	,	v.'	O-XYLENE		91-20-3
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List		. *	P-XYLENE		95-47-6
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		106-42-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List	•	•	TOLUENE		108-88-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List			BENZENE .		71-43-2
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List			CUMENE		98-82-8
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List			ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List			HEXANE		110-54-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List			M-XYLENE		108-38-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List			NAPHTHALENE	•	91-20-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List			O-XYLENE		95-47-6
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List		•	P-XYLENE		106-42-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List			TOLUENE		108-88-3
New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances			BENZENE		71-43-2
000001800, HEATING OIL HS		•		•	9

Acute: YES
Chronic: YES
Fire: YES
Reactivity: NO

Sudden Release of Pressure: NO

15. OTHER INFORMATION

Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residue. COMPONENT TOXICITY: Overexposure to naphthalene, a minor component of this product, may cause skin, eye and respiratory tract irritation, anemia, loss of vision, nervous system effects and kidney and thymus damage. Also, exposure to naphthalene has produced "respiratory tract" tumors in laboratory animals. Dermal exposure to middle distillates have caused skin irritation and skin cancer in laboratory animals when repeatedly applied and left in place between applications. Studies to further evaluate the carcinogenic potential of middle distillates are currently underway. Cumene may be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Pulmonary aspiration hazard. After ingestion, may enter lungs and cause damage. May cause respiratory irritation, fluid in the lungs and lung damage. May be irritating to the skin and eyes. May cause nervous system effects, including drowsiness, dizziness, coma and even death. Overexposure has caused kidney, nose, and liver damage in laboratory animals. Following inhalation exposure, an increased tumor incidence has been observed in experimental animals. The significance of this finding to human health is presently unknown.

MSDS# 9351

Version 2.0

Effective Date 07/07/2008

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. MATERIAL AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name

Quaker State Peak Performance Motor Oil SAE 5W-30

Manufacturer/Supplier

SOPUS Products

PO BOX 4427

Houston, TX 77210-4427

USA

MSDS Request

877-276-7285

Emergency Telephone Number

Spill Information

877-242-7400

Health Information

877-504-9351

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346. Highly refined mineral oils and additives.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Ov	erview
--------------	--------

Appearance and Odour

May be dyed. Liquid at room temperature. Slight hydrocarbon.

Health Hazards

Not classified as dangerous for supply or conveyance.

Safety Hazards

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

Environmental Hazards

Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

Health Hazards

: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Health Hazards

Inhalation

: Under normal conditions of use, this is not expected to be a

primary route of exposure.

Skin Contact

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can

clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil

acne/folliculitis.

Eye Contact

May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Ingestion

Low toxicity if swallowed.

Other Information

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Signs and Symptoms

Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas

of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Pre-existing medical conditions of the following organ(s) or

Aggravated Medical

Condition

Pre-existing medical conditions of the following organ(s) or organ system(s) may be aggravated by exposure to this

material: Skin.

Environmental Hazards Additional Information

Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

rmation : Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency,

this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous

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chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Inhalation No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If

symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water

and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent **Eye Contact**

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Advice to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Flash point

> 130 °C / 266 °F (Pensky-Martens Closed Cup)

Upper / lower Flammability or

Typical 1 - 10 %(V)(based on mineral oil)

Explosion limits

Auto ignition temperature

: > 320 °C / 608 °F

Specific Hazards

Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic

compounds.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Do not use water in a jet.

Protective Equipment for

Firefighters

Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Protective measures : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment

> to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or

other appropriate barriers.

Clean Up Methods Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately.

> Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay,

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Additional Advice

sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions

: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk

assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

Handling : Av

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling

vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment

should be used.

Storage : Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated

place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Storage

Temperature: 0 - 50 °C / 32 - 122 °F

Recommended Materials : Fo

For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high

density polyethylene.

Unsuitable Materials

PVC.

Additional Information

Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high

temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Oil mist, mineral	ACGIH	TWA(Mist.)		5 mg/m3	
Oil mist, mineral	ACGIH	STEL(Mist.)		10 mg/m3	

Exposure Controls

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary

depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or

mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne

concentrations to be generated.

Personal Protective

Equipment Respiratory Protection

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet

recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker

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health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point

>65 °C (149 °F)].

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of **Hand Protection**

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to

Protective Clothing Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue

work clothes.

Monitoring Methods Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing

zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also

be appropriate.

Environmental Exposure

Controls

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

environmental legislation.

> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance May be dyed. Liquid at room temperature.

Odour Slight hydrocarbon. Hq Data not available

Initial Boiling Point and

Boiling Range

Freezing Point Typical -34 °C / -29 °F

Flash point > 130 °C / 266 °F (Pensky-Martens Closed Cup) Upper / lower Flammability : Typical 1 - 10 %(V) (based on mineral oil)

or Explosion limits

Auto-ignition temperature : > 320 °C / 608 °F

Vapour pressure < 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s))

Specific gravity Typical 1.12

Density Typical 1,013 g/cm3 at 15 °C / 59 °F

Water solubility Negligible.

> 6 (based on information on similar products) n-octanol/water partition

coefficient (log Pow)

Kinematic viscosity Typical 63.8 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F

Vapour density (air=1) > 1 (estimated value(s))

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Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1) : Data not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable.

Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Materials to Avoid

Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form

Products

during normal storage.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment

Information given is based on data on the components and the

toxicology of similar products.

Acute Oral Toxicity Acute Dermal Toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal

conditions of use.

Skin Irritation Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin

resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Eye Irritation

Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory Irritation

Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.

Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser. Not expected to be a hazard.

Repeated Dose Toxicity Mutagenicity

Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be noncarcinogenic in animal skin-painting studies. Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Other components are not known to be associated with carcinogenic

effects.

Reproductive and **Developmental Toxicity** Additional Information

Not expected to be a hazard.

Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible. Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin

cancer in animal tests.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity

: Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) (LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test

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extract). Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.

Mobility : Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If

it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be

mobile.

Persistence/degradability : Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents-

are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment. Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Bioaccumulation

Other Adverse Effects

Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not

expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical

ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the

waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in

drains or in water courses.

Container Disposal : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably

to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional.

bisposal should be in accordance with applicable regional

national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation Classification (49CFR)

This material is not subject to DOT regulations under 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Federal Regulatory Status

Notification Status

EINECS All components listed.

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TSCA DSL All components listed. All components listed.

SARA Hazard Categories (311/312)

No SARA 311/312 Hazards.

State Regulatory Status

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

This material does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity)

: 0, 1, 0

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: 2.0

MSDS Effective Date

: 07/07/2008

MSDS Revisions

: A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

MSDS Regulation

The content and format of this MSDS is in accordance with the

MSDS Distribution

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

The information in this document should be made available to

all who may handle the product.

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on our current knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to

be obtained from the use of the product.